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## Correction

In the article titled "Concentration Profile for Linear Driving Force Model for Diffusion in a Particle" (January 1999, p. 196), the two sentences preceding Eq. 9, " $A(t)$  and  $B(t)$  can be solved from the two boundary conditions ..." should be replaced by the following:

For  $A(t)$  and  $B(t)$ ,  $B(t)$  is first solved such that Eq. 8 leads directly to Glueckauf's LDF expression for all values of  $n$  ( $n \geq 2$ ). A general expression for  $A(t)$  is given by Eq. 9. The solution for  $A(t)$  must satisfy the requirement that the transient volume-average uptake,  $\bar{q}_v(t)$ , calculated from the concentration profile is always equal to that calculated directly from the LDF expression. As shown below, Eq. 9 satisfies this requirement only when  $n = 2$  and 5. Moreover, an additional requirement for  $A(t)$  is that the negative portion of the concentration profile near  $r = 0$  at short times is minimized.